N.J. Cancer Registry Webinar

October 10, 2023

with the New Jersey Department of Health, the New Jersey Association of Ambulatory Surgery Centers, and Brach Eichler, L.L.C.

New Jersey State Cancer Registry is funded by the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER)

Program (#75N91021D00009), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Program of Cancer Registries

(#5NU58DP006279) with additional support from the State of New Jersey and the Rutgers Cancer Institute of New Jersey.



RUTGERS

Cancer Institute of New Jersey









BRACH EICHLER LLC Counsellors at Law



Bar and Court Admissions

- New Jersey
- Ohio
- New York (pending)

Education

- University of Akron School of Law, J.D., magna cum laude
- Kent State University, MBA
- Temple University, B.B.A. in Finance, *summa cum laude*
- Centre d'Etudes Franco-Américain de Management, B.B.A. in Finance

ISABELLE BIBET-KALINYAK, ESQ., VICE CHAIR HEALTHCARE PRACTICE GROUP

Isabelle Bibet-Kalinyak is an experienced and creative healthcare attorney and proven deal maker representing "brick-and-mortar" and virtual multi-state healthcare clients in complex business transactions including private equity deals, hospitals and ambulatory surgery centers acquisitions and joint ventures, MSO structuring, strategic partnerships and compliance.

As Vice Chair of the Brach Eichler's Healthcare Practice Group, she counsels physicians, healthcare providers, hospitals, associations, Boards and management teams on the legal and strategic implications associated with various forms of corporate entities, healthcare integration models, compliance, payers, credentialing and emerging trends, laws, and regulations. The depth of Isabelle's experience enables her to assist clients in evaluating both the legal and business ramifications of transactions, contracts, agreements, negotiations, and compliance issues.

Her legal, business and operational acumen is keenly aligned with her role as legal counsel to six New Jersey medical societies:

NJ Association of Ambulatory Surgery Centers (NJAASC)

NJ Academy of Ophthalmology (NJAO)

NJ American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) Section

NJ Obstetrical & Gynecological Society (NJOGS)

NJ Orthopaedic Society (NJOS)

NJ Society of Pathologists (NJSP)









ISABELLE BIBET-KALINYAK, ESQ., VICE CHAIR HEALTHCARE PRACTICE GROUP (continued)

As one of the few French business attorneys in the U.S. and a first-generation immigrant herself, Isabelle's healthcare practice has over time organically expanded to trans-national business transactions and immigration. Isabelle brings vast knowledge and experience advising U.S. clients with operations in French-speaking countries as well as companies based in French-speaking countries seeking to expand in the U.S. Her expertise also spans immigration law, representing clients in employment-based immigration matters in healthcare, biotech, and manufacturing.

She frequently speaks at the national conferences of organizations such as the American Academy of Ophthalmology (AAO/AAOE), ASCRS/AAOE, the Medical Group Management Association (MGMA) and the American Health Lawyers Association (AHLA) and lectures on advanced topics related to healthcare, mergers and acquisitions, private equity and business immigration. A French native and former French Honorary Consul in Ohio for the French Government, Isabelle now resides in Connecticut with her furry son, Louie.

RECENT AWARDS AND ACCOLADES

Honorary Consul of France, Cleveland, and Columbus, 2019 to March 2022 NJBIZ© Best 50 Women in Business Award 2023
Best Lawyers in America 2024©
NJBIZ© Leaders in Law 2022-2023
New Jersey Law Journal© Northeast Trailblazers List 2022
Lawyer Monthly, 2018 Women in Law Award®, Health Care Law, USA









Taylor Hessler, CTR, BA, BS

- Graduated from Stockton University with a Bachelor of Science in Public Health-Health Administration and a Bachelor of Arts in Business Studies.
- NCRA Certified Tumor Register since 2016
- Worked in hospital registries for many years prior to working at the New Jersey State Cancer Registry. Started as a Public Health Representative at NJSCR and focused on the education path.
- Promoted to Supervising Cancer Registry Information Specialist- NPCR Education and Training Coordinator.

New Jersey State Cancer Registry is funded by the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER)

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Suzanne Schwartz, CTR, MS

- Graduated from Penn State University with a Bachelor of Science in Health Policy and Administration.
- Graduated from St. Joseph's University with a Master of Science in Health Care Administration
- NCRA Certified Tumor Register since 1993
- Worked in hospital registries for many years prior to working at the New Jersey State Cancer Registry.
- NJSCR started as a Public Health Representative.
- Promoted to Supervising Public Health Representative in 2012

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Elias Rivera, CTR

- NCRA Certified Tumor Registrar since 2003
- Worked in Hospital Registries at Inspira, Cooper and Thomas Jefferson University
- Joined NJSCR as a Cancer Registry Information Specialists I in Dec 2021.

New Jersey State Cancer Registry is funded by the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER)

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New Jersey State Cancer Registry Physician and Ambulatory Reporting

New Jersey State Cancer Registry is funded by the National Cancer Institute's Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER)

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Objectives:

- Review what is a Cancer Registry.
- Discuss what is a Certified Tumor Registrar.
- Who needs to report cancer?
- What is reportable?
- How to report?
- What is the reporting timeline?
- Questions will be answered at the end of the presentation.









What is a Cancer Registry?

- provides information to assist public health officials and agencies in the planning and evaluation of cancer prevention and cancer control programs
- a primary source for unbiased population-based case control studies
- the end points for cohort studies and clinical trials
- the beginning point for survival analysis





Type of Cancer Registries:

Hospital Registries

Hospital registries serve as the starting point for cancer surveillance. They document diagnosis and treatment on all patients. The cases in hospital registries are reported to the central or state cancer registry.

Central or State Registries

Central or state registries combine and maintain data on all cancers occurring in the state's population. They collect data from all hospitals, pathology laboratories, physicians, and other sources.

Special Purpose Registries

Special purpose registries maintain data on a type of cancer, such as brain tumors, or a special population, such as Native Americans.









It all started...

- Early 1900's- The first modern case registries for the study of cancer emerged
- 1926 First hospital cancer registry (Yale, New Haven, CT)
- 1935- First central registry established (Connecticut)
- 1956- the American College of Surgeons (ACoS) formally adopted a policy to encourage the development of hospital-based cancer registries
- 1971-The U.S. National Cancer Act budgets monies to the National Cancer Institute for research, detection, and treatment of cancer
- 1973- The Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) Program of NCI establishes the first national cancer registry program
- 1974- National Tumor Registrars Association was chartered (NCRA)
- 1983- NCRA's Council of Certification establishes the Certified Tumor Registrar (CTR®) credential
- 1992- U.S. Public Law 102-515 establishes the National Program of Cancer Registries (NPCR) and is administered by the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
- 2012- ACoS requires abstracting to be done by a CTR









Why all this attention?

- Cancer is a major national burden
 - An estimated 1.9 million new cases of cancer will be diagnosed in 2023
 - Cancer is the second leading cause of death among Americans
- An estimated 610,000 people will die due to cancer in 2023
 - Currently the % surviving 5 years from cancer is 67% (up from 48.5% in 1975)
- Projected total U.S. health care spending for cancer is 246 billion by 2030
 - 34% increase from 2015

https://www.cancer.org/content/dam/cancer-org/research/cancer-factsand-statistics/annual-cancer-facts-and-figures/2023/2023-cancer-facts-and-figures.pdf









Why all the attention in New Jersey?

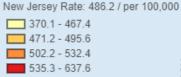
New Jersey State Cancer Registry

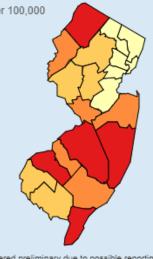
Age-Adjusted Cancer Incidence Rates in New Jersey

All Sites, 2020

By County

Age-Adjusted to the 2000 U.S. Standard Million Population







Incidence data for 2020 are considered preliminary due to possible reporting delays. Please note an approximate 10% decrease in the number of cancer cases diagnosed in 2020 compared to 2019, partly due to the COVID-19 pandemic. https://seer.cancer.gov/data/covid-impact.html. Due to 2020 Census delays, preliminary estimates were used as population denominators for calculating cancer incidence rates for 2010-2020. For more information, see https://seer.cancer.gov/popdata/

All rates per 100,000. Based on Feb 2023 New Jersey State Cancer Registry Data File. Last accessed Sep 29, 2023. © 2023 New Jersey State Cancer Registry.

Incidence data for 2020 are considered preliminary due to possible reporting delays. Please note an approximate 10% decrease in the number of cancer cases diagnosed in 2020 compared to 2019, partly due to the COVID-19 pandemic. https://seer.cancer.gov/data/covid-impact.html. Due to 2020 Census delays, preliminary estimates were used as population denominators for calculating cancer incidence rates for 2010-2020. For more information, see https://seer.cancer.gov/popdata/

A Glimpse of Cancer in NJ for 2020

8,882,371 Total population at Risk 55,042 Total cancer cases

9,444 total breast cases in females
7,689 total Prostate cases in males
4,116 total Urinary System cases
4,051 total Colon& Rectum cases
4,035 total melanoma of the skin cases

Check out the interactive Cancer Data website for more detailed searches https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/cancer-researchers/cancer-data/









NJSCR

- 1978 Began collecting cancer data
- 1995 Entered into CDC/NPCR program
- 1995 Requires electronic hospital reporting
- 2001 Entered into NCI SEER program
- 2005 Requires electronic lab reporting
- 2018 Requires electronic physician reporting



How is Cancer Registry Data used?

- Healthcare providers, public health officials, and researchers use the data to:
 - Calculate cancer incidence
 - Evaluate efficacy of treatment modalities
 - Determine survival rates
 - Develop targeted educational and screening programs
 - Conduct research on the etiology, diagnosis, and treatment of cancer









Certified Tumor Registrar

- What do we do?
 - Identify cases
 - Manage the cancer registry database
 - Ensure data completeness
 - Comply with standards
 - Analyze and present data
 - Run customized reports
 - Inform community needs assessments
 - Track patient survival data.





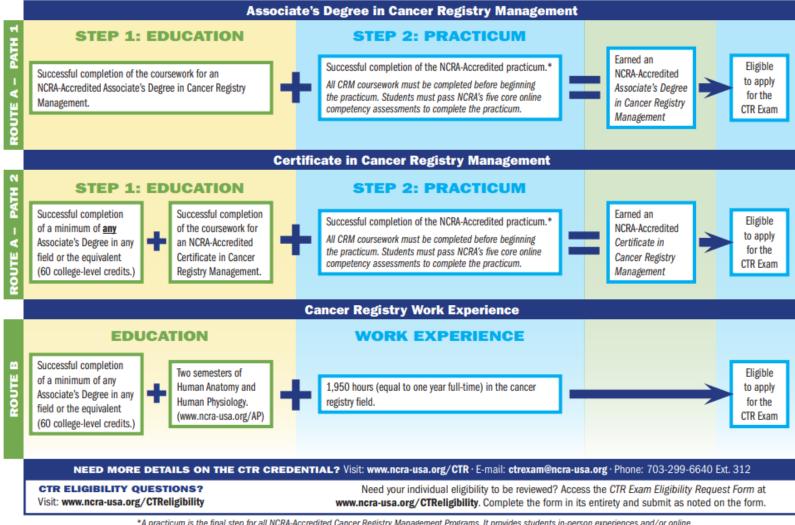








CERTIFIED TUMOR REGISTRAR (CTR®) EXAM ELIGIBILITY ROUTES



^{*}A practicum is the final step for all NCRA-Accredited Cancer Registry Management Programs. It provides students in-person experiences and/or online activities in the technical aspects of cancer registry operations and cancer surveillance methods to complement their coursework.

Paths to becoming a CTR









More information...



https://www.ncra-usa.org/



https://seer.cancer.gov/





Improving Health Through Leadership and Innovation Chief State Medical Examiner https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/









NJSCR reporting requirements

- Resources available on NJSCR website
- Cancer Registry Statute
- NJSCR Program Manual
- NJSCR Reportable List
- WebPlus Instruction & training help
- E-Tips coding help
- Interactive cancer data website



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Cancer

Cancer Reporting Entities

New Jersey Commission on Cancer Research

Home > Cancer Reporting Entities > NJ State Cancer Registry

Cancer Reporting Entities

NI State Cancer Registry Cancer Registrars

Non-Hospital Reporting

Meaningful Use

Interactive Cancer Data

Resources for Registrars

New Jersey's Cancer Registrars are vital data specialists and our most valuable resource for cancer information. Visit our registrars page for additional information and resources.

Web Plus

NJ State Cancer Registry



The NJSCR is a population-based registry, mandated by state law, that collects data on all cancer cases diagnosed and/or treated in New Jersey since October 1, 1978. It is a member of the NAACCR, the NPCR, and other certification bodies.

Cancer Reporting

All health care facilities, physician, dentists, labs, ambulatory care facilities and other health care providers that diagnose or provide treatment for cancer patients must report cancer cases to the NISCR (see Reportable List). All abstracting work performed by a health care facility which diagnoses or treats 100 or more cases per year must be performed by a Certified Tumor Registrar who is certified by the National Cancer Registrars Association.

All cases of cancer and other specified tumors and precancerous diseases must be reported to the NISCR within six months of diagnosis, or three months of discharge, whichever is sooner. A cancer registry abstract must be completed for each newly diagnosed case. A separate abstract must be completed for each primary. A health care facility that fails to report cases of cancer electronically, as required by regulation, within six months of diagnosis shall be liable to pay a penalty as stated in N.J.S.A. 26:2-106.

FAQ on Cancer Registry

2023 Diagnosis-Year Reporting

2023 NISCR Program Manual PDF

2023 NJSCR Program Manual Word Format

Reportable List, PDF Format (NEW Updated 2023)

Reportable List, Word Format (NEW Updated 2023)

NAACCR Implementation Guidelines

NAACCR Modified v23 Triggers (posted 11/16/22)

NAACCR v23 State Metafile (posted 11/16/22) zipped

NAACCR v23 State Metafile (posted 11/16/22) non-zipped

NAACCR v23 Data Dictionary

NAACCR v23A State Metafile

https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/









NJ Cancer Statute

HIGHLIGHTS

- Every physician, dentist, or other health care provider who diagnoses or provides treatment for cancer patients shall submit an electronic report to the Department with an initial diagnosis of each case of cancer or other specified tumorous and precancerous disease and for each subsequent primary cancer diagnosed in that person
- Every New Jersey health care facility, physician, dentist, other health care provider, and clinical laboratory shall submit all case reports within six months of the date of first contact with the patient for the reportable condition as defined by the NAACCR Data Standards for Cancer Registries—Data Standards and Data Dictionary
- A CTR shall perform all abstracting work and oversee all case-finding for a health care facility that diagnoses and/or treats 100 or more cancer cases per year

CHAPTER 57A CANCER REGISTRY

Authority

N.J.S.A. 26:2-104 through 109, particularly 26:2-106b.

Source and Effective Date

R.2018 d.154, effective July 17, 2018. See: 50 N.J.R. 1131(a), 50 N.J.R. 1893(a)

Please Note

This is an unofficial copy of the text of this chapter and is provided as a courtesy to New Jersey reporting facilities. The New Jersey Administrative Code is available for free public access at http://www.lexisnexis.com/hottopics/njcode.

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- § 8:57A-1.12 Audit, Letter, and notice of violations and enforcement actions
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- § 8:57A-1.15 Hearings
- § 8:57A-1.16 Settlement of enforcement actions

§ 8:57A-1.1 Purpose and scope

- (a) The purpose of this subchapter is to:
 - Implement N.J.S.A. 26:2-104 through 109, which authorizes the Department of Health to establish and maintain the New Jersey State Cancer Registry (NJSCR) as the Statewide repository

https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/documents/CHAPTER_57A_7_2018.pdf









NJ Program Manual

- What cancer should be reported to the NJSCR
- When to report to the NJSCR
- How to report to the NJSCR
- Who reports to the NJSCR
- Coding instructions including text documentation
 - The NJSCR requires the submission of text information



NEW JERSEY STATE CANCER REGISTRY

PROGRAM MANUAL Instructions for Health Care Facilities 2023

New Jersey State Cancer Registry Cancer Epidemiology Services New Jersey Department of Health PO Box 369 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0369 http://www.ni.gov/health/ces/

http://www.nj.gov/health/ces/ P: (609) 633-0500 F: (609) 633-7509

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https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/documents/2023%20NJSCR%20Program%20 Manual-%20Revised%204.5.23.pdf/









Who has to report Cancer

- Any facility that diagnose or treat cancer must report
 - Ambulatory surgery centers
 - Endoscopy centers
 - MD offices that take biopsies
 - Laboratories
 - Dental offices
 - Medical Oncology
 - Radiation Oncology
 - Radiology Offices









Who has to report Cancer (cont'd)

Common Questions:

- If the labs are reporting and send us monthly reports, do we have to report as well?
 - YES, too often a lab misses a case.
- What does a center do if they have never reported before? Is there a penalty?
 - Every facility that diagnose or treat a patient for a reportable tumor must start reporting as soon as possible.
 - Start with 2023 data if never reported in the past.
 - There will be No penalty for prior years at this time.









What is reportable?

- https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/documents/2023%20NJSCR%20Rep-ortable%20List-%20Revised%204.5.23.pdf
 - Any diagnosis including any of the following words:
 - Cancer
 - Carcinoma
 - Adenocarcinoma
 - Carcinoid tumor
 - Leukemia
 - Lymphoma
 - Malignant
 - Sarcoma









What cases should be reported to the NJSCR?

Invasive and In Situ Conditions

All in situ or invasive neoplasms that have behavior codes "/2" or "/3" in the ICD-O-3 manual must be reported.

Exclusions: The following conditions are not required to be reported:

- Carcinoma in situ (any/2) and CIN III of the cervix (C5.30-C53.9) (cases diagnosed after April 1, 1995)
- Benign and borderline neoplasms of the ovary
- Prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN III) of the prostate (C619) (collection stopped effective with cases diagnosed 1/1/2001 and later)
- Basal and squamous cell carcinomas of the skin (C44.0-C44.9)









What is Reportable?

ALL SITES

- Askin tumor
- Chordoma
- Cylindroma (except of skin)
- Desmoplastic small round cell tumor
- Dysgerminoma
- Epithelioma, malignant
- Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
- Germ cell tumor, nonseminomatous
- Germinoma
- Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
- High grade squamous intraepithelial lesion (HSIL)
- Intraepithelial neoplasia grade II/III

- Langerhans cell histiocytosis, disseminated (ONLY)
- Malignant histiocytosis
- Malignant mast cell tumor
- Malignant mastocytosis
- Malignant tumor, all cell types
- Medulloepithelioma
- Melanoma









What is reportable? (Cont'd)

- ALL SITES (continued)
 - Mesenchymoma, malignant
 - Mesothelioma, malignant and in-situ
 - Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable
 - Myoepithelioma, malignant
 - Neuroblastoma
 - Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade I (NET GRI)
 - Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade 2 (NET GR2)
 - Neuroepithelioma
 - PEComa, malignant
 - Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
 - Perivascular epithelioid cell tumor, malignant
 - Phosphaturic mesenchymal tumor, malignant

- Plasmacytoma
- Polyembryoma
- Serrated adenocarcinoma
- Sezary syndrome
- Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant
- Squamous dysplasia, high grade for sites other than colon/GI
- Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia, grade II & III (SIN II & III) (8077/2), except Cervix and Skin
- Yolk sac tumor









Ambiguous Terminology

Apparent(ly) **Appears** Comparable with Compatible with Consistent with Favor(s) Malignant appearing Most likely Presumed Probable Suspect(ed) Suspicious (for) Typical (of)









Radiology- Ambiguous Terminology

When the first diagnosis includes reportable ambiguous terminology, record the date of that diagnosis.

Example: Area of microcalcifications in breast suspicious for malignancy on 02/13/2023.









Radiology- Li-RADS and Pi-RADS

- Liver- Li-Rads
 - LR-4 or LR-5 is reportable.
- Prostate- Pi-Rads
 - Pi-Rads category 4 or 5 is reportable.
- Note:
 - Breast Reportability
 - Bi-Rads are Not Reportable

For more information check out the SEER Reportable examples page https://seer.cancer.gov/manuals/2023/SPCSM 2023 Appendix E.pdf









Radiology- Benign Brain and CNS

An intracranial or a CNS neoplasm identified only by diagnostic imaging is reportable. Benign and borderline primary intracranial and CNS tumors with a behavior code of "/0" or "/1" in ICD-O-3 must be reported beginning with cases diagnosed 1/1/2004 and later.

C70._, C71._, C72._, C75.1, C75.2 AND C75.3

"Neoplasm" and "tumor" are **reportable** terms for intracranial and CNS because they are listed in ICD-O-3.2 with behavior codes of /0 and /1.

"Mass" and "lesion" are not reportable terms for intracranial and CNS because they are not listed in ICD-O-3.2 with behavior codes of /0 or /1.









What is reportable Dermatology

- MELANOMA:
- Early/evolving invasive melanoma
- Early/evolving melanoma, in situ
- Hutchinson's melanotic freckle
- Lentigo maligna
- Malignant Melanoma
- Malignant Melanoma Insitu

- Basal cell carcinoma of labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis and scrotum
- Blue nevus, malignant
- Bowen disease of anus and penis
- Ceruminous adenocarcinoma
- Dermatofibrosarcoma, sarcomatous

NOTE: When entering histology: INV MELANOMA HAS A CODE /3 IN-SITU MELANOMA HAS A CODE /2

For Full List see NJSCR Reportable List https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/



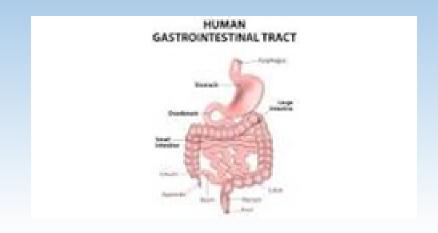






Common Reportable terms for Gl

- Adenocarcinoma (8140/3) and Adenocarcinoma insitu (8140/2)-DO NOT REPORT HG DYSPLASIA
- Carcinoid Tumor(well diff neuroendocrine tumor)
- Carcinoma NOS and Carcinoma insitu
- Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST), malignant
- Signet ring cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)



NOTE: For a Complete List please see the NJ Reportable List under GI-Tract https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/









What is reportable GYN



- Malignant Tumors of the Ovary, Uterus,
 Uterine Tubes, Cervix, Vulva, Vagina,
 - Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III),
 - Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia II & IIII (VAIN II & III),
 - Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia II & III (VIN II & III) and
 - CIN III only if there is invasion or microinvasion.

Do Not Report:

- Borderline tumors
- CIN III, carcinoma in situ, adenocarcinoma in situ of the Cervix

For full list of reportable GYN terms see NJSCR reportable list https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/



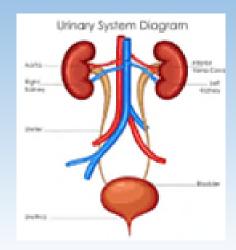






Common Urology reportable terms

- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenosarcoma
- Carcinoma Nos
- Carcinosarcoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade II & III (SIN II & III)
- Transitional cell carcinoma
- Urothelial cell carcinoma
- **Note **Not Reportable**: Low Malignant Potential



For a complete list please see the NJ Reportable terms under Urinary Tract.

https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/









How to report

Go to our Website



 https://www.nj.gov/h
 ealth/ces/reportingentities/non-hospital/

Non-Hospital Reporting

Non-hospital reporting facilities may use Web Plus for electronic cancer reporting to the NJSCR. Click the logo to access the login page.

To apply for a Web Plus login, please register.

Cancer

Home

Cancer Research Data

Cancer Reporting Entities

For the Public

New Jersey Commission on Cancer Research

Home > Cancer Reporting Entities > Non-Hospital Reporting

Cancer Reporting Entities

NJ State Cancer Registry

Cancer Registrars

Non-Hospital Reporting

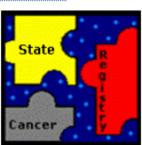
Meaningful Use

Interactive Cancer Data

Non-Hospital Reporting

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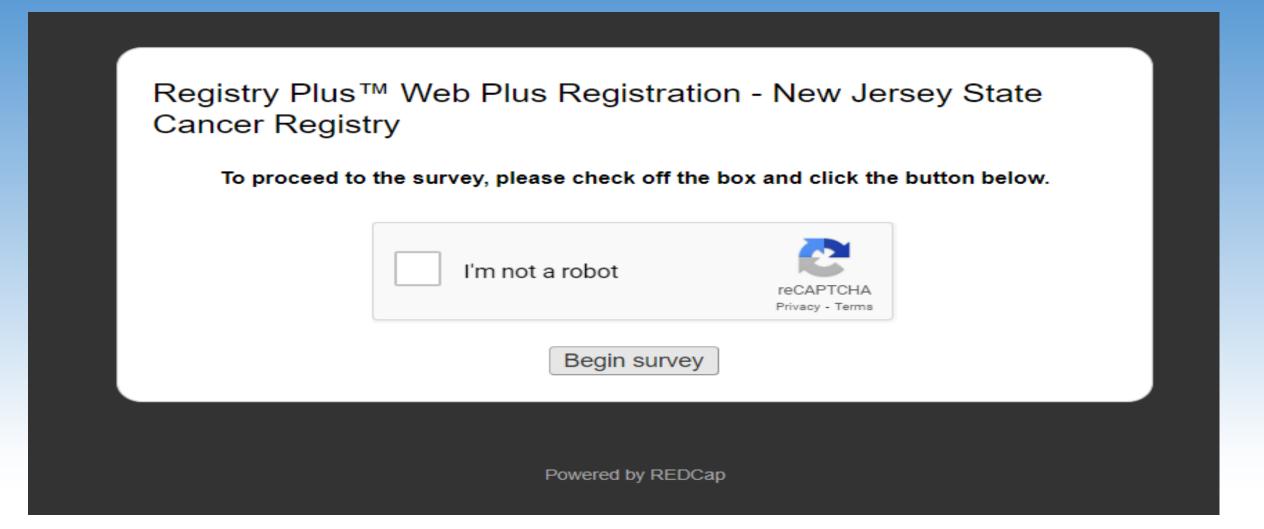












Once you've registered:

A confirmation will be sent to the same email you used in registration. That email should come from either Christian Califano or Michael Tumblety. Expect this email within a week and it will have your ID and Password information and further instructions. It's Time Sensitive so it's important to check periodically.









How to Report-When you receive an email

- Click on the link to register for Web Plus
 - Web Plus is a free web-based software from the CDC that will enable you to report your cancer cases.
 - https://redcap.cinj.rutgers.edu/redcap/surveys/?s=4WECTKRLF8
- Web Plus is not a database software. It will not keep a record of cases submitted in the past. Everything is deleted every 3 months.
- This software is good for dermatology and outpatient surgery centers where treatment or contact is limited.
- If your practice sees a patient multiple times for the same cancer, such as a radiology practice or medical oncology group, it may be worth investing money into a database software. You only need to report a primary cancer once. But do include all of first course of treatment.













National Program of Cancer Registries

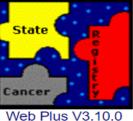
Welcome to Web Plus

Application for Secure Cancer Reporting Over the WWW

Go to our Website

https://www.nj.go v/health/ces/repo rtingentities/nonhospital/

State Cancer Data Entry



READY TO REPORT!

User ID	
Password	
	Log in

Please log in

Notice to Users: Access to this system is restricted to authorized users. Unauthorized use of, or access to this resource may subject you to disciplinary action or criminal prosecution. If you are not authorized to acr resource, LOG OFF IMMEDIATELY.

HIPAA - WARNING

All users must comply with HIPAA PRIVACY RULE REQUIREMENTS while using this computer system, including -

- · Log on only under your assigned user ID.
- Do not attempt to access health information that you are not authorized to use.
- Log off or lock up your workstation when it is unattended.







Session time left: 90 minutes

Change Password

Log out

Web Plus Home Page for Elias Rivera
Please select a cancer reporting activity from those listed below the facility for which you would like to report.

NJ State Cancer Data Entry

CCR Abstraction/Review

Radiation CCR

CCR abstraction V18

HemOnc CCR V18

Radiation CCR V18

Test Onc v18

RT CCR V18 test

CCR V18 test type move

Click Here to Begin Reporting-Most Facilites









Veb Plus

S WebPlus 732-235-5182

Home New Abstract Find/Open Abstract Release Abstracts Reports Change Password Help Log out

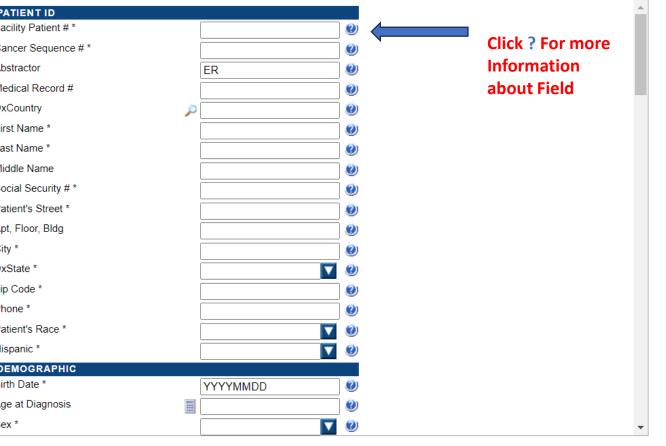
nter new abstract

Save



Add/View Comment Run Edits 🚵 Session time left: 90 minutes

l data items marked with an asterisk (*) are required.



Edit Errors Help

Enter an Abstract and click on Save at the bottom of the page to save it to the database. The abstract is edited each time you save. Edit errors, if there are any, will be shown in this message area. All your changes will be saved to the database even if there are edit errors

Data entry Help Icons

Special Code Lookup Picon to the left of the data item links to a searchable listing of terms and coded values for the data item. When a specific code in the list is clicked, it is automatically filled into the abstract for the data item.

Calculate Field Value icon to the left of a data item is clicked to automatically calculate the value for the data item from information that has been entered for other data items.

Context-Sensitive Help icon to the right of each data item links to the NAACCR Standards for Cancer Registries Volume II: Data Standards and Data Dictionary for information regarding the coding of the data item.

Print Preview

Click to save the abstract and run data Edits. See the box to the right for Edits results each time the abstract is saved.

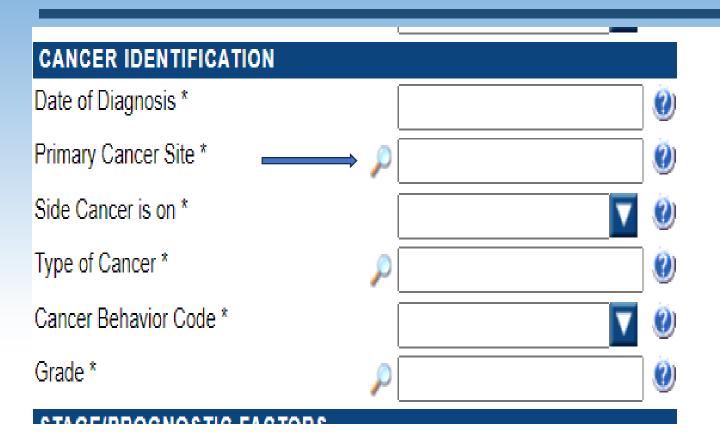








WEBPLUS REPORTING CONTINUED...



Primary Site codes from ICDO-3 Topography Section

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Search skin

Search



_	
Code	Label
C445	Abdomen, skin
C445	Abdominal wall, skin
C447	Ankle, skin
<u>C446</u>	Antecubital space, skin
C210	Anus, NOS (excludes Skin of anus and Perianal skin C44.5)
C445	Anus, skin
<u>C446</u>	Arm, skin
C442	Auricle, skin
<u>C445</u>	Axilla, skin
C445	Back, skin
C509	Breast, NOS (excludes Skin of breast C44.5)
C445	Breast, skin
C445	Buttock, skin
C447	Calf, skin
C444	Cervical region, skin
C443	Cheek, skin
C445	Chest wall, skin
C445	Chest, skin
C443	Chin, skin
C442	Ear, skin, NOS
C446	Elbow, skin
C443	Face, skin
C446	Finger, skin
C445	Flank, skin
C447	Foot, skin
4	

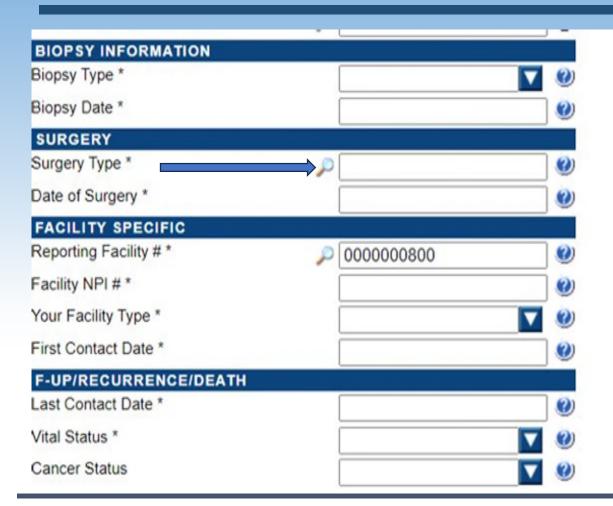








WEB PLUS REPORTING CONT'D



<u>20</u>	Local tumor excision, NOS
<u>26</u>	Polypectomy
<u>27</u>	Excisional biopsy
<u>21</u>	Any combination of 20 or 26-27 WITH photodynamic therapy (PDT)
<u>22</u>	Any combination of 20 or 26-27 WITH electrocautery
<u>23</u>	Any combination of 20 or 26-27 WITH cryosurgery
<u>24</u>	Any combination of 20 or 26-27 WITH laser ablation
<u>25</u>	Any combination of 20 or 26-27 WITH laser excision
<u>30</u>	Biopsy, NOS, of primary tumor followed by a gross excision of the lesion
<u>31</u>	Shave biopsy followed by a gross excision of the lesion
<u>32</u>	Punch biopsy followed by a gross excision of the lesion
<u>33</u>	Incisional biopsy followed by a gross excision of the lesion
<u>34</u>	Mohs surgery, NOS









Web Plus See NJSCR Program Manual for more Find/Open Abstract Home **New Abstract** information Enter new abstract Page 8 https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporti All data items marked with an asterisk (*) are required. ng-entities/njscr/ Cancer Status **TEXT FIELDS** Primary Cancer Site Text 3 Type of Cancer Text **(2)** Pathology Report Text * 3 **TEXT INFORMATION SHOULD** REFLECT DATA ENTERED INTO FIELDS ABOVE Physician Text *









AND YOUR READY TO SAVE YOUR INFO!!

Save

Click to save the abstract and run data Edits. See the box to the right for Edits results each time the abstract is saved.

Add/View Comment

Run Edits



Session time left: 81 minutes

Edit Errors

Help

To ensure that the information contained within an abstract makes sense and codes are coded correctly, both individually and in relation to one another, data quality "Edits" are applied to each abstract as it is saved.

This abstract has not been saved yet. Edits results are only available after an abstract has been saved. Please click on the Save button to save this abstract and run Edits.











How to report (cont'd)

Web Plus Instructions for general users
 https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/documents/CCR_Abstraction_instructions.pdf

Web Plus Instructions for Hematology/Oncology users
 https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/documents/HemOnc_CCR_VI8_instructions.pdf

Web Plus Instructions for Radiation Facilities:

https://www.state.nj.us/health/ces/documents/CCR Radiation instructions.pdf







How to report (cont'd)

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- NJSCR Web Plus Instruction Training Manual for CCR Abstraction [PDF]
- NJSCR Web Plus Instruction Training Manual for Radiation CCR IPDFI
- NJSCR Web Plus Instruction Training Manual for HemOnc CCR [PDF]
- · Video Training for how to enter text fields [MP4]

Non-Hospital Reporting Tool Kit



Please click <u>here</u> or the image above to access the

Non Hospital Reporting Tool kit.

- Web Plus is not a database software. It will not keep a record of cases submitted in the past. Everything is deleted every 3 months.
- This software is good for dermatology and outpatient surgery centers where treatment or contact is limited.
- If your practice sees a patient multiple times for the same cancer, such as a radiology practice or medical oncology group, it may be worth investing money into a database software. You only need to report a primary cancer once. But do include all of first course of treatment.



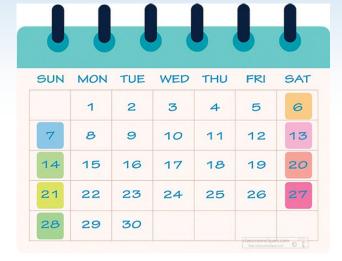






When

• A health care facility must report cases of cancer electronically, within six months of diagnosis or shall be liable to pay a penalty as stated in N.J.S.A. 26:2-106.





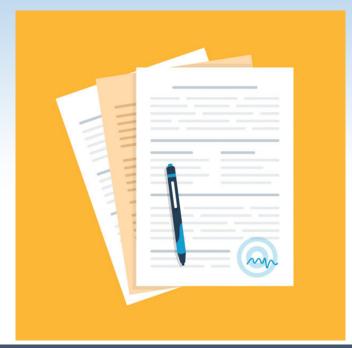






What is needed – demographics

- Racial history
- Social security number if available
- Address at diagnosis











What years of data do I need to report?

- Start with you 2023 cases, go back to January.
 - Unless you received a letter, then respond to it.
 - If you have been contacted by Suzanne Schwartz or Elias Rivera, then report according to their correspondence (email).
 - You will not be fined even though you have not reported in the past. We will "Grandfather" your reporting.

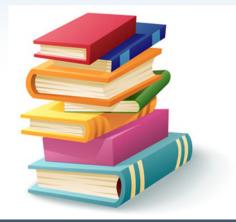






Resources

- https://seer.cancer.gov/
- https://www.ncra-usa.org/
- https://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/











Questions

- 1. Exact Location to log information, the information needed to submit and does the diagnosis have to say rule out CA? Wendy L.
- 2. If our contracted labs are currently reporting cancer findings to the Registry, are we still required to report? Joan C.
- 3. The primary cancer site, type, grade and behavior info is not always present; code info; not documenting wrong data. Susan G.
- 4. Do all the required fields have to be filled in at the same time? or does someone else enter them as that info becomes available. Pati P.









Questions

- 5. Are there any available resources/lists that can be shared that would help reporting on PRE-cancerous diseases? Daphne F.
- 6. We are owned by 2 Healthcare systems; the I holding the Management Contract does our abstracting. What documentation do I need? Deborah C.
- 7. Is it mandatory for the surgery center to report if the pathologist also reports on cancer registry? Helen K.
- 8. If the labs are reporting and send us monthly reports, do we have to report as well?– Jina M.







Recording

A recording of this presentation will be available at BrachEichler.com and NJAASC.org









MERCI BEAUCOUP! THANK YOU!

Please direct all general questions to Brach Eichler.

For all ASC-specific questions, please contact NJDOH directly:

- Elias Rivera at Elias.Rivera@doh.nj.gov, cell: 609-501-5195
- Suzanne Schwartz at <u>Suzanne.Schwartz@doh.nj.gov</u>, 609-913-5024
- General NJDOH line: 609-633-0500

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Thank you!









